

Simulation in Cyber Security

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Euroopa Liit
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Eesti tuleviku heaks

Outline

Definitions

Applications

Ideas and Problems for Future Development



A *simulation* is the imitation of the operation of a real-world process or system (over time).

The behaviour of a system is studied by developing a simulation *model*.

Once the model is developed and *validated*, it can be used to investigate a wide variety of “what if” questions about the real-world system.



Information security is the practice of defending information from unauthorized access, use, disclosure, disruption, modification, perusal, inspection, recording or destruction.



Information Technology (IT) security



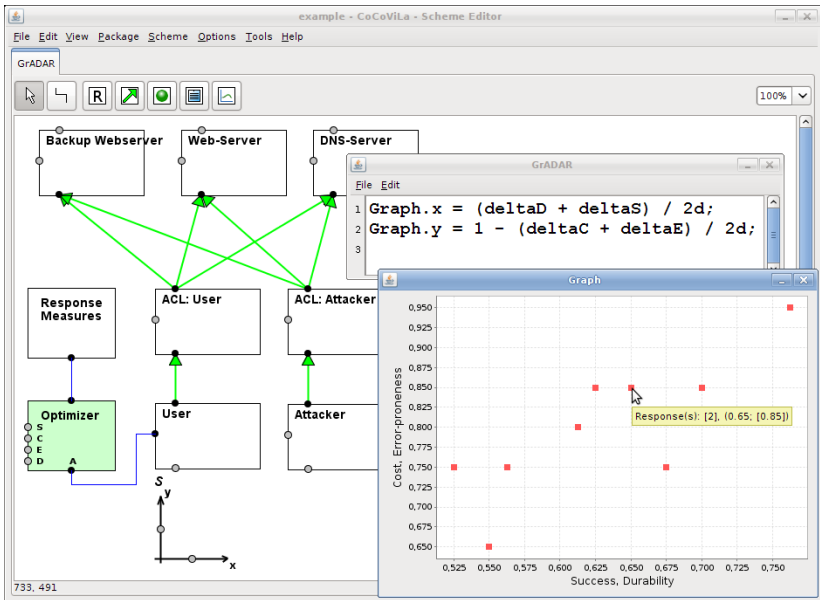
Cyber security?



Properties of Cyber Security Field

- ▶ Many very different aspects (technical, social, . . .) are involved.
- ▶ Fast and invisible processes, large amounts of data
- ▶ Motivation of adversaries: economical, political, irrational
- ▶ Intelligent attackers, asymmetric attacks
- ▶ Overall security determined by the weakest link
- ▶ Running experiments on real systems sometimes impossible
- ▶ Artificial environment may be easier to simulate.







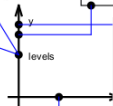
User training	
Cost	Confidence
0	0
4	30
8	60
12	65

Encryption	
Cost	Confidence
0	0
2	60
4	80
7	95

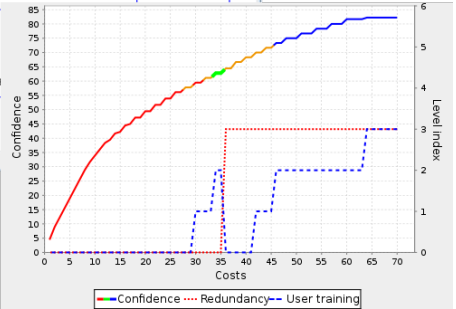
Optimizer	
Context: Banking	
Resources:	
min	max
1	70

- Antivirus software
- Segmentation
- Redundancy
- Backup
- Firewall
- Access control
- Intrusion detection

SecClass: C2I1A1M2



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Ideas and Problems for Future Development

- ▶ Iterative MBST for research applications
- ▶ Version control of concept libraries, applications, results
- ▶ Scripting for users available from the GUI
- ▶ Guidelines for developing visual DSLs

